

Note:

1. Answer ALL the questions in Section A, B & C and TWO in section D.
2. Answer in one word for in Section A, Should not exceed 100 words in Section B, 400 words in Section C and 800 words in Section D.
3. Each question in Section A carries 1 mark, B 4 marks, C 6 marks and D 15 marks.

Time: 3 Hours

Max. : 100 Marks

B2P212: Pedagogy of Biological Science - Paper II

SECTION – A

Answer ALL the questions

(20 X 1 = 20 marks)

I. Choose the correct answer:-

1. Specific Instructional objectives are otherwise called _____.
(a) General Instruction Objectives
(b) Non-behavioral Objectives
(c) Behavioral Objectives
(d) Teaching objectives
r\wgj[fwgj j y;nehff' fs; ___ vdtk;mi HffggLfpwJ.
அ) bghJ fwggj j y;nehff' fs; ஆ) el j j myyhj nehff' fs;
இ) el j j nehff' fs; ஈ) fwggj j y;nehff' fs;
2. Herbartian lesson plan consists of _____.
(a) 3 steps (b) 4 steps
(c) 5 steps (d) 6 steps
bQughuoad;ghl j ;j pl l j j py; _____ c SSJ.
m) 3 gofs; M) 4 gofs; ,) 5 gofs; <) 6 gofs;
3. _____ is the scaled down teaching encounter.
(a) Micro teaching (b) Macro teaching
(c) Team teaching (d) Teaching skill
_____ vdgJ fhy mst [Fi wthd fwggj j y;MFk;
m) Ez z pi y fwggj j y; M) t Fggi w fwggj j y;
,) FG fwggj j y; <) , i z ggghl k;

4. _____ is the term used to bridge the gap between Micro teaching and Macro teaching.
- (a) Lesson plan (b) Micro lesson
(c) Macro lesson (d) Link lesson
- _____ vdgJ Ez z pi yf;fwgjj y;kwWk;tFggi wf;
fwgjj y;MfpatwWfF , i lnaahd , i lbtspi af; Fi wffg;
gadgLk;
m) ghl j j pl l k; M) Ez z pi yg;ghl k;
,) tFggi wg;ghl k; <) , i z ggg;ghl k;
5. Chalk and talk method is _____
- (a) Project method (b) Lecture method
(c) Assignment method (d) Link lesson
- Rz z fl pnahL Toa fwgjj y;Ki w vdgJ _____ MFk;
m) brayj pl l Ki w M) tµpt [w Ki w
,) xggi l gg[Ki w <) , i z gg[Ki w
6. Instruction cards are used in _____
- (a) Assignment method (b) Demonstration method
(c) Laboratory method (d) Project method
- Mat f Fwgg[m l j l fs; _____ ay;gadgLj j ggLfpdwd.
m) xggi l gg[Ki w M) nrhj i d braJ fhL Lk;Ki w
,) Mat f Ki w <) brayj pl l Ki w
7. _____ method proceeds from general to particular
- (a) Inductive (b) Deductive
(c) Guided (d) Unguided
- _____ Ki wahdJ bghJ tñ j papyUe;J Fwjj j tñ pi af;
Fwggj hFk;
m) bj hFj j wp M) gFj j wp
,) tHpfhl Lj y; <) tHpfhl Lj y;myyhj
8. Attitude of a discoverer is developed by _____
- (a) Discovery approach (b) Buzz session
(c) Team teaching (d) Brain storming
- fz Lgpogg[kdggdji k _____ ahy;c Uthf;fggl l J.
m) fz Lgpogg[mq FK i w M) BUZZ mku;t [
,) FG fwgjj y; <) FG rñ j pgg [
9. The third trophic level is developed by _____
- (a) Producer (b) Herbivore
(c) Carnivore (d) Decomposer
- c z t[r' fnyapd; \ dwhtJ nahri d kl l j j _____
c ssi ffp c ssi J.
m) c wjj j pahsu; M) j htuc z z p
,) CDz z p <) rpi j ggpfs;

SECTION – D

Essay type questions

Answer any TWO questions

(2 X 15 = 30 marks)

31. Select a topic in Biology and develop a lesson plan using Herbartian steps.
32. Discuss the components of skill of Stimulus Variation and skill of Explaining.
33. Criticize on Teacher centered approaches.
34. Describe the structure and functions of Human organ systems.

10. Cockroach respire through _____
(a) Gills (b) Lungs
(c) Skin (d) Spiracles

II. Fill in the Blanks

11. _____ is a plan of action.
12. Micro-teaching was invented by _____.
13. _____ Method is based on the philosophy of Pragmatism.
14. _____ is a group discussion to produce ideas or solve problems.
15. Father of Siddha Medicine is _____.

III. Matching

- | | | |
|----------------------|---|------------------------|
| 16. Lesson plan | - | (a) Rajasthan |
| 17. Silence | - | (b) Inductive Method |
| 18. Rotation Method | - | (c) Deductive Method |
| 19. Synthetic Method | - | (d) Recapitulation |
| 20. Thar Desert | - | (e) Team teaching |
| | - | (f) Stimulus variation |
| | - | (g) Laboratory Method |

SECTION – B
Very short answer questions
Answer ALL the questions
(5 X 4 = 20 marks)

21. (a) What is a lesson plan? Why it is needed?
 gh l j j p l l k ; v d w h y ; v d d ? m j v d ; n j i t ?
 (or)
 (b) Trace out the importance of unit plan in teaching of Biological Science.
 c a p u ; m w p t p a y ; f w g g j j y ; m y F j p l l j j p d ;
 K f f p a j j t j i j f ; f z l w p f .
22. (a) Define – Micro teaching. Explain the Micro-teaching cycle.
 E z z p i y f w g g j j y ; t i u a W . E z z p i y f w g g j j y ;
 R H w r p i a t p s f f f .
 (or)
 (b) Mention any four principles of micro- teaching objectives.
 V n j D k ; e h d F E z z p i y f ; f w g g j j y ; n e h f f ' f s p d ;
 b f h s j f f i s F w p g g p l f .
23. (a) State the concept of Teaching.
 f w g g j j y p d ; f U j j g ; g w w p T W f .
 (or)
 (b) Enumerate the characteristics of good assignment.
 e y y x g g i l g g p d ; g z g f i s t p s f f f .
24. (a) Summarize the merits and demerits of Seminar.
 f U j j u ' f p d ; r p w g g f s ; k w W k ; F i w g h L f i s R U f f k h f
 T W f .
 (or)
 (b) Point out the benefits of Brainstorming.
 F G r p e j p g g [b r a ; t j d ; e d j k f i s R I L f .
25. (a) List down the advantages of Physical activities.
 c l w g a p w r p a d ; e d j k f i s g l o a y p l f .
 (or)
 (b) Draw and elucidate the parts of a flower.
 x U g f t p d ; g h f ' f i s t i u e ; j b j s p t g l j j f .

SECTION – C
Short answer questions
Answer ALL the questions
(5 X 6 =30 marks)

26. (a) Express your views on writing Instructional objectives in a lesson plan.
 g h l j j p l l j j p y ; f w g g j j y ; n e h f f ' f i s v H J t J F w j j
 c ' f s ; f U j j f i s b t s p g g l j j f .
 (or)
 (b) Analyse about the preparation and advantages of unit plan.
 m y F j p l l j j p d ; M a j j g g L j j j y ; k w w k ; m j d ; e d j k f s ;
 g w w p g F g g h a ; t [b r a f .
27. (a) Write about the skill of Illustrating the concept with suitable examples.
 b g h U j j k h d v L j j f h l l f S l d ; f U j j j t p s f f k ; j p w i d g ;
 g w w p v G J f .
 (or)
 (b) Identify the merits and demerits of Micro- teaching cycle.
 E z z p i y f ; f w g g j j y ; R H w r p a d ; r p w g g f s ; k w W k ;
 F i w g h L f i s f z l w p f .
28. (a) Bring out the relationship among approaches, method and technique of teaching.
 f w g g j j y ; m q F K i w f s ; f w g g j j y ; K i w k w W k ; f w g g j j y ; E l g k ;
 M f p a t w w f e , i l a p y h d c w i t b t s p f ; b f h z u f .
 (or)
 (b) Examine how Project Method is important in teaching Biological Science.
 c a p u ; m w p t p a i y f w g g g j j y ; b r a y j p l l K i w v t ; t h W
 K f f p a k h d j v d g i j M u h a f .
29. (a) Explain the importance and steps involved in Scientific Method.
 m w p t p a y ; K i w a p d ; K f f p a j j t j i j a k ; g o f i s a k ;
 t p s f f f .
 (or)
 (b) Compare Inductive approach and Deductive approach with suitable examples.
 t j p t U K i w k w W k ; t j p t p s f f K i w m q F K i w f i s
 b g h U j j k h d v K j j f h l l f S l d ; x g g p l f .
30. (a) Enumerate the Life cycle of Sericulture.
 g l l t s u g g p d ; t h H f i f r ; R H w r p i a t p s f f f .
 (or)
 (b) Differentiate Food chain from Food web.
 c z t [t i s a p y l u e ; j c z t [r ' f r y p i a n t W g L j j f .